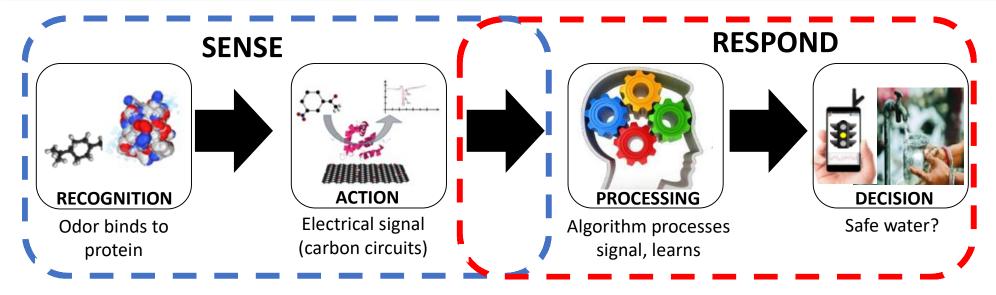
The robot nose in our lab uses a *lock and key* process that mimics olfaction. Targets stick to insect-derived *olfactory proteins* that are on the surface of *carbon circuits* within a gas sampling device. The electrical signals are converted to data, and *algorithms* are then used for signal processing and decision support.



Robot nose biosensors are used to provide decision support to the user regarding safe water, food, medicine, and livelihood.





